1. For the nonlinear repulive/defocusing Schrödinger equation:

$$iu_t + \frac{1}{2}u_{xx} - |u|^2 u = 0, (1)$$

find the general form for a dark/grey soliton solution:

$$u(x,t) = u_0 \{ B \tanh[u_0 B(x - Au_0 t - x_0)] + iA \} e^{-iu_0^2 t},$$
(2)

where $A^2 + B^2 = 1$.

Hint: follow the notes where we split u as:

$$u(x,t) = [f(b\xi) + i\mathcal{A}] e^{i\phi(t)}, \qquad (3)$$

where $\mathcal{A} = u_0 A$, $\xi = x - ct$, and f and ϕ are real functions, and you will assume that $u(x = \pm \infty, t) = \pm u_0$.

2. In this exercise you will obtain the basic conservation laws for the Nonlinear Schrödiger (NLS) equation:

$$iu_t + \frac{1}{2}u_{xx} \pm |u|^2 u = 0, \tag{4}$$

where u = u(x, t) and $|u|^2$ describes a) the light intensity in nonlinear optics, or b) the atomic density in a Bose-Einstein condensate (BEC).

a) Show that the total power (optics) or mass (BEC), for localized solutions, is conserved. Namely, show that

$$M = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |u(x,t)|^2 dx = \text{const.}$$
(5)

Hint: use $(4) \cdot u^* - (4)^* \cdot u$, where $(\cdot)^*$ means complex conjugation.

b) Show that the total energy is conserved. Namely, show that

$$E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}|u_x|^2 \mp \frac{1}{2}|u|^4\right) \, dx = \text{const.}$$
(6)

Hint: use $(4) \cdot u_t^* + (4)^* \cdot u_t$.

- c) [extra credit] Using a couple of different initial conditions (ICs) that are not just constants nor single bright nor dark solitons (you can try a superposition of a few bright solitons or a sum of a few sines and cosines), numerically integrate the NLS and plot a time series of the above conserved quantities (M(t) and E(t)) to verify they are conserved. Please also plot the relative error of the conservation (cf. (M(t) M(0))/M(0) and (E(t) E(0))/E(0)) and discuss your results. You can use the spectral code NLS.m for this but remember that ICs have to be periodic in the domain!
- d) [extra-extra credit] Show that the momentum is conserved. Namely, show that

$$P = i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(u u_x^* - u^* u_x \right) dx = \text{const.}$$
⁽⁷⁾

Hint: use $\{(4) \cdot u_x^* + (4)^* \cdot u_x\} - \{[(4)]_x \cdot u^* + [(4)^*]_x \cdot u\}.$