1. Variational approximation for sech solitons, gain and loss. By using the NLS Lagrangian:

$$L = \frac{i}{2}(u^*u_t - uu_t^*) - \frac{1}{2}|u_x|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|u|^4:$$
(1)

a) Obtain the equations of motion (ODEs) for the parameters  $\{a(t), \xi(t), c(t), b(t)\}$  of the ansatz

$$u_A = a \operatorname{sech}(a(x-\xi) \exp\left[i(c(x-\xi)+b)\right],$$
(2)

using the Lagrangian variational approach for NLS described in the lectures.

Does the resulting evolution for the ansatz match your expectations? Elaborate.

Hint: you'll probably need the following integrals:

$$I_{1} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{sech}^{2}(ax) \tanh(ax)^{2} dx = \frac{2}{3a}, I_{2} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{sech}^{2}(ax) dx = \frac{2}{a}$$
$$I_{3} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{sech}^{4}(ax) dx = \frac{4}{3a}.$$

b) Perform a similar analysis, with same ansatz (2), for the NLS with loss.

$$iu_t + \frac{1}{2}u_{xx} + |u|^2 u + \epsilon iu = 0.$$
(3)

Describe the evolution of a typical soliton under this perturbed equation.

c) Compare ODE dynamics and PDE dynamics for a few examples in b). Comment in detail what you observe!

Hints:

For the ODE numerics you can use ode45 in Matlab. You can Google to find "simple example ode45" or go to this following site for some basic examples to use ode45: http://12000.org/my\_notes/matlab\_ODE/

On the other hand, for PDE numerics you can use the code NLS\_potential.m and use the appropriate potential and/or add loss.

## 2. Variational approximation for LEFT-RIGHT oscillations of a Gaussian ansatz solitons inside a magnetic trap

Consider the behavior of a bright soliton trapped by a harmonic potential. This is the model for an attractive Bose-Einstein condensate (BEC) trapped inside a magnetic trap. The meanfield approximation for the BEC close to absolute zero temperature indicates that the wave function of the BEC must obey the following NLS with a potential term:

$$iu_t + \frac{1}{2}u_{xx} + |u|^2 u = V(x) u,$$
(4)

where

$$V(x) = \frac{\Omega^2}{2} x^2. \tag{5}$$

By using the Lagrangian:

$$L = \frac{i}{2}(u^*u_t - uu_t^*) - \frac{1}{2}|u_x|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|u|^4 - V(x)|u|^2$$
(6)

with the ansatz

$$u_G = B \exp\left[-\frac{(x-\xi)^2}{2w^2}\right] \exp\left[i(b(t) + c(x-\xi) + d(x-\xi)^2)\right],$$
(7)

it is possible to find a set of coupled ODEs for all the ansatz parameters  $\{B(t), w(t), \xi(t), c(t), b(t), d(t)\}$ . In particular, after performing the integrations and uncoupling of the Euler-Lagrange equations one obtains the following ODEs for the parameters:

$$\dot{B}(t) = -B d, \tag{8}$$

$$\dot{w}(t) = 2wd \tag{9}$$

$$\dot{\xi}(t) = c \tag{10}$$

$$\dot{c}(t) = -\Omega^2 \xi \tag{11}$$

$$\dot{b}(t) = -\frac{1}{2w^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{8}B + \frac{12}{2}c^2 - \frac{1}{2}\Omega^2\xi^2$$
(12)

$$\dot{d}(t) = \frac{1}{2w^4} - 2d^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}\frac{B^2}{w^2} - \frac{1}{2}\Omega^2$$
(13)

a1) We are only interested in the ensuing LEFT-RIGHT oscillations of the soliton inside the harmonic potential. Write a single equation for the position  $\xi(t)$  of the form:

$$\ddot{\xi}(t) = -\frac{d}{d\xi} V_{\text{eff}}(\xi) \quad \text{where} \quad V_{\text{eff}}(\xi) = \frac{\Omega_{\text{eff}}^2}{2} \xi^2, \tag{14}$$

where  $\Omega_{\text{eff}}$  is the *effective* oscillation frequency felt by the bright soliton as a whole.

- **a2**) What is the relation between  $\Omega$  and  $\Omega_{\text{eff}}$ ? Interpret this result!
- b) Compare the PDE dynamics with the ODE dynamics for a few parameter values of  $\Omega$ . Comment in detail what you observe!

Hints:

For the ODE numerics you can use ode45 in Matlab (you can Google to find "simple example ode45" or go to this site for some basic examples to use ode45: http://12000.org/my\_notes/matlab\_ODE/

For the PDE use the Matlab code NLS\_potential.m posted in the Lectures (Nonlinear Waves) of our website.